WOW (Working on Writing) ® Blair & Mosher Creations 2012

# **Review for Quiz #3**

#### I. Review of Rules:

### **Hyphens with numbers and fractions:**

**Numbers**: Use a hyphen when writing out two-word numbers from twenty-one through ninety-nine.

**Fractions**: Use a hyphen when writing fractions that are used as adjectives. (A fraction used as a noun does NOT need a hyphen.)

#### **Hyphens after prefixes**:

Use a hyphen after a prefix that is followed by a proper noun or adjective.

Always use a hyphen in words with the prefixes *all-*, *ex-*, *and self-* (and with the suffix *-elect*).

#### **Hyphens with compound modifiers**:

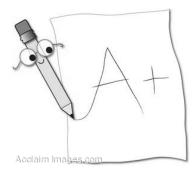
Use a hyphen to connect a compound modifier that comes before a noun.

(Do not use a hyphen with a compound modifier that includes a word ending in —ly or in a compound proper adjective.)

#### The following rules from the first six weeks will also be on the quiz:

- a) Use a comma after most introductory words, phrases, or clauses.
- b) Use a semicolon to **join related independent clauses** that **are NOT already joined** by the following conjunctions: **and, or, nor, for, but, so, yet**.
- c) Use a **colon before a list** of items following an independent clause. <u>Do not ever use a colon directly after a verb.</u>
- d) Use a semicolon to join independent clauses **separated by a conjunctive adverb**. (Remember to place a comma after the conjunctive adverb.) **Conjunctive Adverbs**: also, besides, furthermore, however, indeed, instead, moreover, nevertheless, otherwise, then, therefore, thus

## II. Practice: Correctly punctuate each of the following sentences.



- 1. Two thirds of the class was not prepared for the cold weather everyone was wearing shorts.
- 2. The students' self diagnosis of the weather was incorrect and the warm weather clothing was not sufficient.

- 3. On the morning news the weatherman stated that a cold front was approaching however no one seemed to have listened to the weather that morning.
- 4. I think everyone needs to have the following items in his or her closet long pants sweaters and long sleeved shirts.
- 5. Tomorrow the temperature could change we do live in Texas you know.

### III. Writing:

1. Write a sentence which uses a colon before a list of items.

2. Write a sentence with an introductory clause.

3. Write a sentence with a conjunctive adverb.

4. Write a sentence with a number which requires a hyphen.

